Alexandria Waterfront Governance Subcommittee Proposal

Conclusions and Recommendations for the

Public Areas of the Waterfront

Overview

- Alexandria Waterfront Plan
- Impetus for Governance Dialogue
- Governance Subcommittee Charter
- Governance Alternatives & Process
- Recommendation & Conclusions

The Alexandria Waterfront Plan

- Waterfront Goals
 - To be authentic, connected, inclusive, dynamic, diverse, manageable & sustainable
- To achieve these goals
 - A model must be developed to identify leadership and resources
 - Service level targets must be identified
 - Operations & maintenance structured/resourced to meet targets
 - Capacity for enhanced activity programming must be developed
- The Alexandria community & Waterfront Plan have suggested that an oversight body be established to manage public spaces and programming

Private Alexandria Waterfront Investment (2015-2018)

Projected to add:

162 residences245 hotel rooms10-12 new businesses

5 restaurants
616 parking spaces
Increased tourist <u>traffic</u>



Carr's Hotel Indigo (2015-2017)

- 120 room hotel with restaurant & meeting area
- 69 onsite valet spaces
- 5,000 sf courtyard & 10ft wide pedestrian alley



Old Dominion Boat Club (2015-2017)

• 15,000 square feet private boat club

25 parking spaces;
 up to 45 spaces
 tandem



Robinson Terminal South (2016-2018)

- 96 units residential units approved
 (26 are townhouses, 70 condos)
- 11.4K square feet of retail (includes2 restaurants (250+ seats) &2-3 estimated businesses)
- 242 parking spaces
- Improved pier, to accommodate active uses such as an outdoor cafe, programmed events and passive seating areas at a total investment of approximately \$2.5 million



Robinson Terminal North (2016-2018)

- 66 residential condo units, between two buildings
- 125-room hotel in the west building
- 260 parking spaces, (116 reserved for residents)

 Approximately 25,000 sf leasable commercial space (5-6 estimated businesses & 2 restaurants)



Public Alexandria Waterfront Investment (2016-2025)

- Total estimated cost \$120M
- Projected Investments
 - Core Primary (\$61.2)
 - Utilities, Flood Mitigation & Promenade,
 Fitzgerald Square, Point Lumley Park,
 Waterfront Park, Thompson's Alley
 - Core Secondary (\$31.6M)
 - Street Gardens, Civic Building, King Street
 Pier, Torpedo Factory, Marina
 - Non-Core (\$27.2M)
 - Harborside & RTS, Founders Park, Oronoco
 Park, RTN, Rivergate Park
- Creates continuous riverfront walkway and expands and enhances parks





Old Town Alexandria North Development

- Future Potential Sites
 - NRG-PRGS
 - Crowne Plaza Hotel
 - Craddock Site
- Requests for Proposal
 - WMATA Bus Barn
 - ARHA Properties
- Pending Applications
 - Towne Motel
 - Old Colony Inn
 - ABC/Giant
 - Fairfax Street Residential Conversions

- Approved or Under Construction
 - Robinson Terminal North
 - Health Department
 - Cotton Factory (The Mill)
 - 700 N Washington
- Recently Constructed
 - Harris Teeter/Kingsley
 - Oronoco
 - Printers Row

Projected Waterfront Operations & Maintenance

- Alexandria currently maintains 23 acres of parks at high, moderate and minimum levels of service
- Waterfront development will add 3 additional acres of parks to already existing requirements
- Current Waterfront Operations
 - Parks & Marina
 - Trash Pick-Up
 - Snow Removal
 - Electrical & Sprinkler Systems
 - Security
 - Programming
 - Marketing
- Estimated Net Increase in Waterfront Operating Costs
 - \$2.5M (may vary with level of service and activation)

Projected Waterfront Revenue Sources

- Development Funding
 - The projected net increase in tax revenues from the three redevelopment parcels (upon build-out) is \$4-5 million annually (for capital improvements related to the Waterfront Plan)
- Developer Contributions and Maintenance Funding
 - Robinson Terminal South: \$2.4 million
 - Robinson Terminal North: \$5.2 million
 - Carr's Hotel Indigo: \$675,000
 (One-time payments for infrastructure & park improvements)
- Developer Contributions for Pier improvements & Maintenance
 - Robinson North: \$175,000 annually
 - Robinson South: \$75,000 annually

Impetus for Governance Dialogue

In June 2014, City Staff reported to the City Council (with the adoption of the Phase I Landscape and Flood Mitigation Design) that "expectations for maintenance and programming (of the waterfront)... will be much higher than the norm for city parks and will likely not be possible under the current city structure."

BAE Report

- BAE was hired to prepare and deliver background research on Waterfront governance models and revenue generation options (March 2015)
- Detailed results presented to Waterfront Commission (Apr 2015)
 - City Management
 - New Government Entity
 - Supporting Organization
 - Public Improvement District or Authority
 - Management of Privately Owned Public Space
- Waterfront governance subcommittee formed for deep dive look at governance options & recommendations (Aug 2015)

Governance Subcommittee Charter

- Understand the purpose of a governance structure for a public space
- Identify the pros and cons of different governance structures
- Recommend a governance structure that would best deliver the desired benefits

Governance Subcommittee Process Overview

- Model Evaluation & Key Considerations
- Questionnaire Development
- Governance Practitioner Interviews
 - Glen Echo Partnership Director
 - Fairfax County Park Authority Executive Director
 - Southwest and Capitol Riverfront BID Directors
 - City of Alexandria Leadership (Parks and Recreation, Transportation, General Services, Project Implementation, Planning & Zoning, Safety)
- Deliberation and Recommendation

Governance Subcommittee Key Assumptions

- There is a need for a management structure dedicated specifically to manage the waterfront
- The purpose of a governance structure is to
 - Help an area achieve its transformative potential
 - Achieve the best balance of public and private sector involvement
 - Ensure public benefit while providing the highest level of service
 - Identify a single responsible entity to oversee and manage the public space
- The geographic area to be managed by a governance structure needs to be defined, but we would recommend from Daingerfield Island (north end) to Jones Point (south end)

Governance Models

City Management

 Encompasses the City's current waterfront governance model, either through existing City departments or a new department and its potential expansion as the Waterfront expands

New Government Entity

An entity, such as a park district, that is established and overseen by an appointed board

Public, Business or Community Improvement District

 An improvement District or Authority funded through a special assessment levied to properties within its defined service boundaries

Supporting Organization

 An independently run, private sector entity, such as a conservancy, that engages with the City of Alexandria to support one or more key functions of waterfront management

Recommendation: Community Improvement District

Advantages:

- Flexible & Authentic
 - Dedicated, more nimble structure with strategic oversight and ability to synergize all aspects of the waterfront development
 - Entrepreneurial orientation that would efficiently use available resources, with greater benefits to stakeholders (residents, businesses, visitors)

Connected & Inclusive

- Connects the people who are most impacted by the Waterfront in a relationship with the governance structure
- Integrates community with the development and facilitates their collaboration and buy-in of priorities for the future

Manageable

- Focused oversight of programming & marketing to balance higher traffic
- Emphasis on attractive, well maintained waterfront space to create a cohesive and consistent waterfront appearance to a designated standard

Recommendation: Community Improvement District

Advantages:

- Dynamic
 - Catalyst for regional cooperation, economic activity and partnering with other similar entities
 - Encourages and strengthens economic activity, aligned with world class waterfront development

Sustainable

- Reliable, consistent and dedicated revenue stream outside of the political process
- Ensures dedicated resources to govern the area to the standards defined in Alexandria Waterfront Plan
- Reduces reliance on city general funds currently allocated for the Waterfront

Recommendation: Community Improvement District

- Disadvantages:
 - Perceived loss of control by stakeholders
 - Alexandria has high ratio of residences to businesses in the Waterfront Area
 - Funding source required to implement

Key Components Community Improvement Districts

- Governance (Citizen-driven)
 - The responsibility of a Board of Directors, composed of property owners, businesses and government
- Management
 - Accomplished by a paid administrator, usually an executive director
- Stakeholders
 - Establish priorities and focus areas, e.g. safety, security, cleanliness, beautification, marketing, outreach, economic development, etc.
- Taxing authority
 - To hire staff, provide resources, promote and develop the area and do long- term planning

Community Improvement Districts Across the United States

- Improvement districts are becoming a mainstream policy and management tool for local governments in collaboration with their business districts
- They create stronger neighborhoods, jobs, great places, partnerships, build connections and community
- There are nearly 1,000 Business Improvement Districts in the United States
 - They exist in almost every one of the top 50 largest cities in the United States
 - Wisconsin had adopted the most for smaller towns with 90 in the state
 - Washington DC has 10 Improvement Districts
 - Capitol Riverfront & Southwest are waterfront areas

Things we Learned...About Business Improvement Districts

- Legislation requires 51% of business to approve
- Organizing owners/residents can take 7-9 months
- Business plan brought to the city leadership for approval
- Foundation is figuring out what the business owners and residents want or need in the area, e.g. clean, safe, programming, marketing, parks, economic development
- Services may include snow removal, grass cutting, trash pick-up, light repair, security, etc.
- "Ready, Willing & Working" may be funded with grants
- Monthly meetings with stakeholders
- Neighborhood associations may comprise advisory council
- Governments love BIDS because they subsume city services

City Management

Encompasses the City's current waterfront governance model, either through existing City departments or a new department and its potential expansion as the Waterfront expands

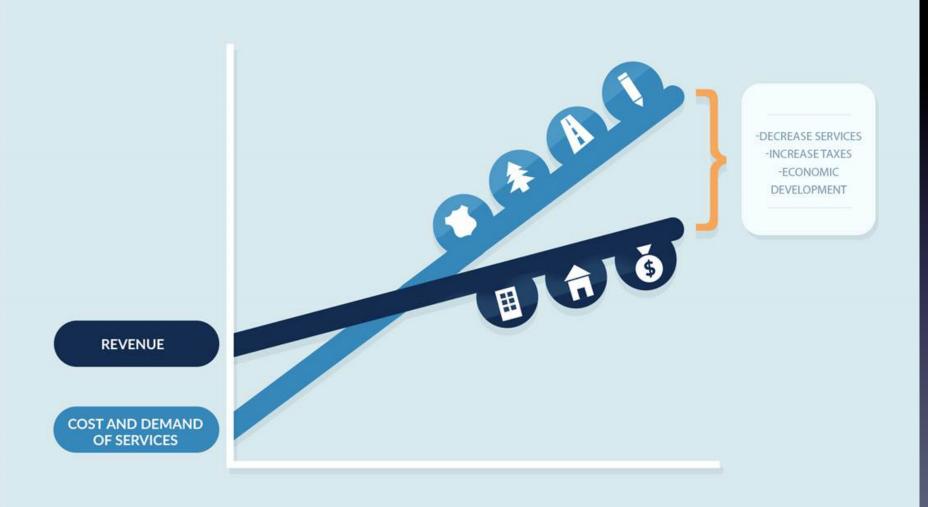
Disadvantages:

- Does not provide a reliable & predictable revenue stream
- Lack of resources to meet desired standards
- Funding opportunities are limited, e.g.
 private funding
- Community expectations do not equal budget constraints
- Decentralized execution with various organizations overseeing requirements
- Competing demands give less focus/voice to the dynamic waterfront stakeholder needs and social capital, than other models

Advantages:

- Community may perceive greater control of the Waterfront
- No change = no political pushback
- Estimated full build-out in 15 years, but happening faster than expected

Alexandria City Budget Reality



Governance Recommendation

The Governance Subcommittee members unanimously recommend a Community or Business Improvement District

Potential Way Ahead Strategy

- Waterfront Commission Concept Presentation
- City Manager Concept Presentation
- City Council Concept Presentation
- Waterfront Commission Feedback

Supporting Organization

An independently run, private sector entity, such as a conservancy, that engages with the City of Alexandria to support one or more key functions of waterfront management, e.g. Glen Echo Partnership

Disadvantages:

- Big disadvantage is the lack of a clear revenue stream
- Narrowly focused primarily on marketing and programs

New Government Entity

An entity, such as a park district, that is established by the City of Alexandria and overseen by an appointed board, e.g. Fairfax County Park Authority

Disadvantages:

- Too layered and too
 complicated to be useful, e.g.
 Park Authority Board and
 Board of Supervisors both
 had authority over funds,
 accountable to 12 people
- Not sufficient capacity to generate sufficient revenue to support this structure

Advantages:

 Purpose of the governance structure is to resolve conflicting goals, provide cover for the city council & to manage resources more effectively

Washington DC Metro Area BID Comparisons

BID	Jurisdiction	Primary Funding Source	Funding Structure	Primary Funding Source Total Revenue	Other Funding Sources	Other Funding Sources Total Revenue*	Services Provided
Ballston	Arlington	Assessment	\$0.045 per \$100 of assessed property value	, , ,	Taste of Arlington, Sponsorships, Farmers Market		Branding and marketing, management, improvements
Crystal City	Arlington	Assessment	\$0.043 per \$100 of assessed property value	\$2,579,181	Sponsorships		Marketing, beautification, visitor services
Rosslyn	Arlington	Assessment	\$0.078 per \$100 of assessed property value		Sponsorships, Jazz Festival, Artist & Farmers Market		Beautification, safety, promotions
Golden Triangle	Washington, DC	Assessment	\$0.145 per net rentable square foot \$0.115 per net rentable square foot hotels	. , ,	Grants for services		Parks, economic development, safety, visitor services
Downtown	Washington, DC	Assessment	\$0.149835 per square foot for each net rentable square foot for improved Class 4 Properties + Other	\$8,540,876	Government agency fees		Safety, maintenance, branding, economic development
Ballston	Arlington	Assessment	\$0.045 per \$100 of assessed property value	\$1,544,770	Sponsorships, Farmers Market		Branding and marketing, enhancements.

Alexandria CID Assessment Exercise

- To explore an order of magnitude for a potential BID/CID assessment rate based on existing boundaries
- Non-residential properties within the Waterfront Plan Area,
 KR= King Street, King Street Retail Strategy (KSRS) Areas
- The assessment rates start at .005 cents (1/2 of a cent) to 5 cents for every \$100 dollars of assessed real estate value

Defined Area	Total Assessed Value
Waterfront Parcels	\$614K
KR Zone Parcels	\$720K
Remaining KSRS Parcels	\$617K
Waterfront & KR Parcels	\$1,335M
Waterfront & KSRS Area	\$1,952M

Assessment Rate per \$100 of Value	Total Assessment (Waterfront + KSRS)
.005	\$92K
.010	\$184K
.025	\$462K
.045	\$831K

Alexandria Non-Residential Properties (Waterfront & King Street)

